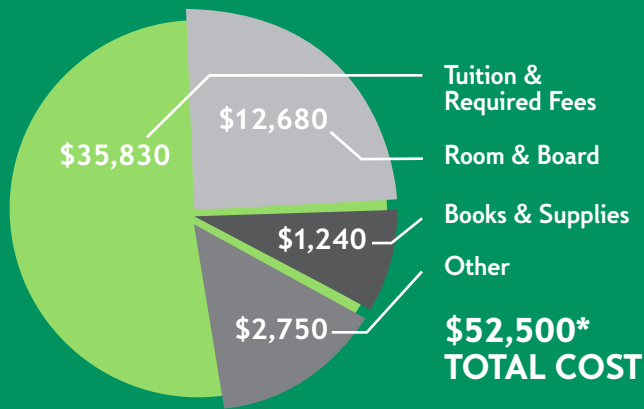


THE EVER-INCREASING COST OF EDUCATION

An education is an investment in the future. Make sure you're equipped with the tools and resources you need to fund a degree.

WHAT AM I PAYING FOR?



*average annual on-campus cost of college per year at 4-year institutions (2018-19)¹

¹ <https://research.collegeboard.org/pdf/trends-college-pricing-2018-full-report.pdf>



HOW WILL IT ALL ADD UP?

Students graduate with an average of **\$32,731** in student loan debt.²

² <https://www.valuepenguin.com/average-student-loan-debt>



IS IT WORTH THE INVESTMENT?

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor, in fact, college graduates earn an average of **61%** more than non-college graduates.³

³ <https://www.fnu.edu/college-degree-higher-paying-job/>

DOES MY MAJOR MATTER?

Average salaries by major in 2018⁴:

Communications:	\$51,448
Agriculture/Natural Resources:	\$53,565
Humanities:	\$56,688
Social Sciences:	\$56,689
Business:	\$56,720
Math & Sciences:	\$61,867
Computer Science:	\$66,005
Engineering:	\$66,521

⁴ <https://www.naceweb.org/job-market/compensation/the-top-paid-majors-for-the-class-of-2018/>

WHAT ARE THE NEXT STEPS TO FINANCING A DEGREE?

1. Fill out the **Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)** to determine federal funding
2. Find funds that won't have to be repaid: scholarships, grants, college savings
3. Review your budget and determine current income that can be used for college
4. Explore private student loan options to help bridge the gap



WE CAN HELP:

citizensbank.com/collegeboundcitizens | collegeboundcitizens@citizensbank.com